

Across the Bridge: Building a Seamless Transition for Pediatric Kidney Transplant Recipients to Adult Care

Introduction

The Renal Post-Transplant Team noticed that clients transitioning from a pediatric to an adult centre appeared to have difficulty adjusting to the adult care model. Our team has recognized that youth in transition are unique individuals with unique learning and educational needs. We recognize that they do not have the capacity to behave like adults. Presently, we do not have a process of transition of care. Currently, our team's expectations is that youth transitioning should have the capacity for self care and should be in charge of their health. Hopefully by building in a transition phase in their care we can create a climate whereby they feel welcomed and trust and conformability are instilled.

Objectives

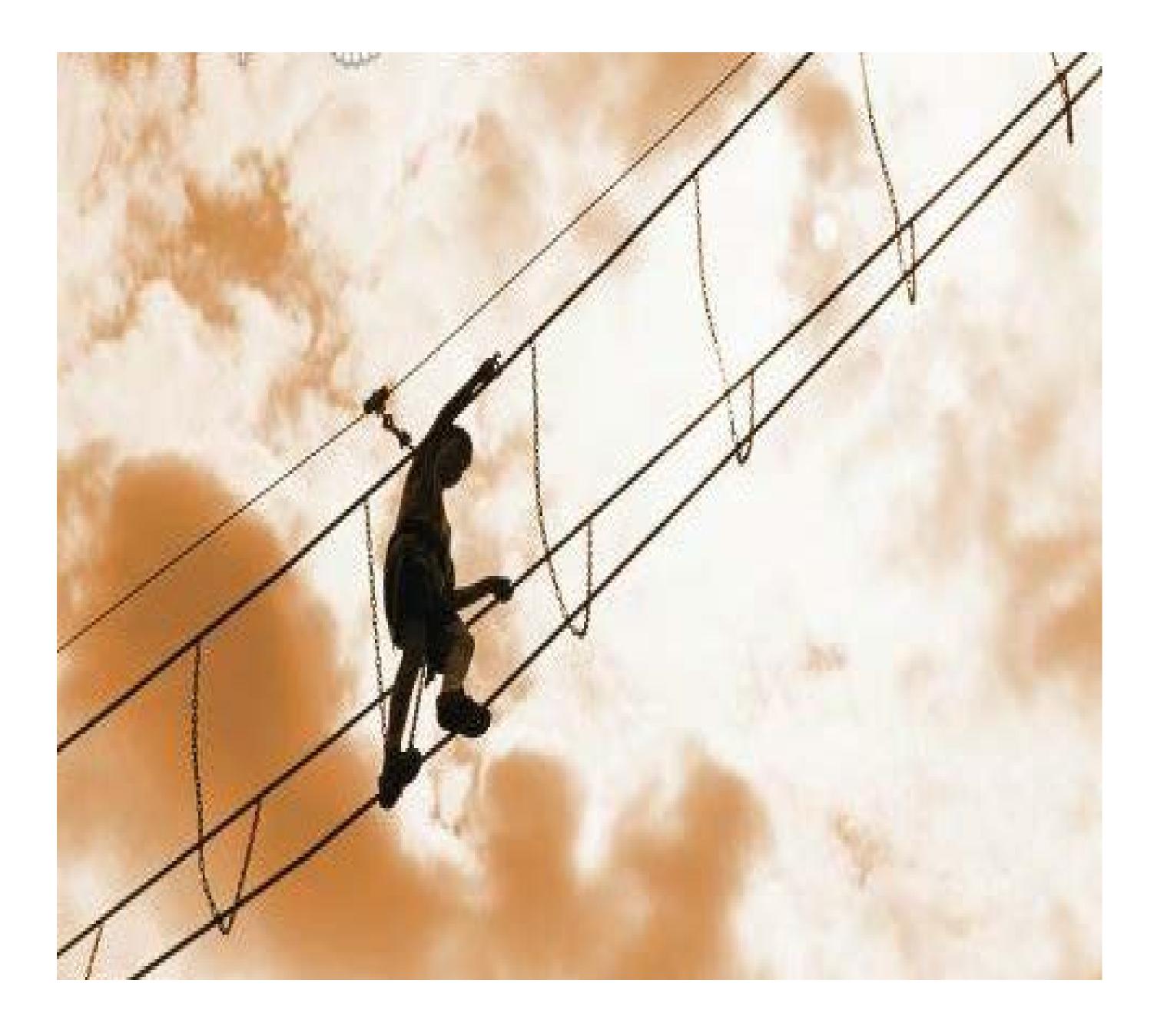
Our objectives are to:

- Determine the barriers and successes of the current process which will provide the basis for a transition program.
- Identify current perspectives of past renal transplant recipients and their families about their experience with the transition from pediatric to adult care.
- Determine the barriers and successes to the transition.
- Guide the team in creating and implementing a supportive framework to ensure a seamless successful experience.
- Prepare adult acute care sites to manage these patients' complexities of care and the transfer of important health information.

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Methods

- A retrospective mixed-model design, including all kidney transplant recipients and their families who have transitioned from pediatric to adult care.
- Semi-structured interviews using open-ended questions using a framework based in Grounded Theory. • Questionnaire using a Likert-type scale survey questions.
- Purposive and targeted sampling will be used.



Plan

- the adult renal transplant program.

Expected Outcomes

- We would like to see:
- family with the health care system.
- educational goals and needs.

Acknowledgements

References

Bell, L. (2007). Adolescents with renal disease in an adult world: meeting the challenge of transition of care. Nephrol Dial Transplant, 22, 988-991. doi: 10.1093/ndt/gf1770 Lochridge, J., Wolff, J., Oliva, M., & O'Sullivan-Oliveira, J. (2013). Perceptions of solid organ transplant recipients regarding self-care management and transitioning. *Pediatric* Nursing, 39(2), 81-89.

a place of mind



• Uncover the transitioned patient and their families experience of

• This in turn will inform the creation of a supportive framework.

Recognition of barriers to promote successful transition.

> Enhanced self-management skills, ownership and responsibility for their own health, self-esteem and improved adherence. > Engagement and confidence building in patients and their

families during the transfer of care process.

> Knowledge transfer from pediatric to adult care providers to increase competency and confidence.

• We need to develop a well-defined and coordinated action plan to address the transition needs that exist within the context of the

• This in turn will maximize their life-long functioning and potential. • We will provide systematic attention to meeting the individual's

• This research project has UBC ethics approval (January 2014). • Our team would like to thank the PHC Research Challenge Group.